26<sup>th</sup> Jan, 2024



Recycling plastic parts in automotive industry, challenges and targets in Europe 2030

Towards recycled plastics content targets in new passenger cars sold in the EU market

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Joint Research Centre of the European Commission













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More than 50 large scale research facilities

More than 110 online databases

About 2 800 staff, nearly 70 % of whom are scientific/technical staff





**JRC** 

83 % of core research staff with PhDs



Over 1 400 scientific publications per year



## Outline



- 1. Policy context and objective of the JRC feasibility study
- 2. Plastics in vehicle: a state-of-play
- 3. Proposed policy options
- 4. Perspectives (...and potential future work!)



## Design of policy circular measures

EC's proposal (July 2023) for a Regulation on: Circularity requirements for <u>vehicle design</u> and on management of end-of-life vehicles



Brussels, 13.7.2028
(SM(2020) 451 final of Councils of

Proposal for a

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on circularity requirements for vehicle design and on management of end-of-life vehicles, amending Regulations (EU) 2018/858 and 2019/1020 and repealing Directives 2000/53/EC and 2005/64/EC



## What are the problems? (Why is EC involved?)



#### Lack of circularity in design and production

Existing laws have not led to better eco-design of cars nor to an increase in use of recycled materials



#### Poor quality of vehicle waste treatment

Low-quality scrap steel, insufficient separation of materials, low plastics recycling rates



#### High dependency on imported raw materials

Automotive industry consumes vast amounts of raw materials, many of which (such as rare elements for electric motors) must be imported



#### 1/3 of vehicles go "missing"

Around 3.5 million vehicles disappear without a trace from EU roads each year - and are exported, or disposed of illegally



#### Weak governance and lack of cooperation

Lack of financial accountability and not enough cooperation between manufacturers and recyclers



#### 1/3 of vehicles by mass are not regulated

Lorries, motorcycles, buses are not covered by the current end-of-life vehicles rules



## Objectives & JRC approach



#### **Objectives**

- Consolidate data and knowledge about use of recycled plastics / ELV plastics treatment
- Suggest technical proposals to enhance plastic recycled content



### Value chain approach

OEMs, plastics manufacturers, suppliers, recyclers, experts



#### Technical / Scientific datasets and models

Analyse of literature and available datasets (Facts & Figures)
On-going initiatives (e.g. CPA) and industrial technological developments



### **Targeted consultation**

Inputs from Open Public Consultation
Bilateral discussions with industrial front-runners or experts
Workshops with professional associations



# Plastics in vehicles: a state of play















# Why is a recycled content target for plastics deemed appropriate?

Product (Plastic demand)

Automotives: 3<sup>rd</sup> biggest EU end-use market (10%, 4.5 Mtonnes of plastics)

Waste (End-of-life vehicle - ELV)



Plastics share in passenger cars: ~16% (200kg)

Recycled content: 7-20% of plastics mass

Post-consumer recyclates
(~ 2.5% per car)

Important disparities between front-runners and average market (e.g. for ratio pre/post-consumer)

→ In theory, recyclability of vehicles is very high:
85% by law (current ELV directive)...



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Waste (End-of-life vehicle - ELV)



6.1 Million ELVs in 2019

~ 1 Mt of collected plastics waste

**Poor quality of vehicle waste treatment** due to insufficient materials separation:

Limited "Design for Recycling" practices

Lack of economic incentives to recover plastics (volatility of oil market)

Only ~19% of ELV plastics go to recycling (and with limited valorisation)

However, **Post-Shredder technologies** are already mature and could be widely deployed across the EU













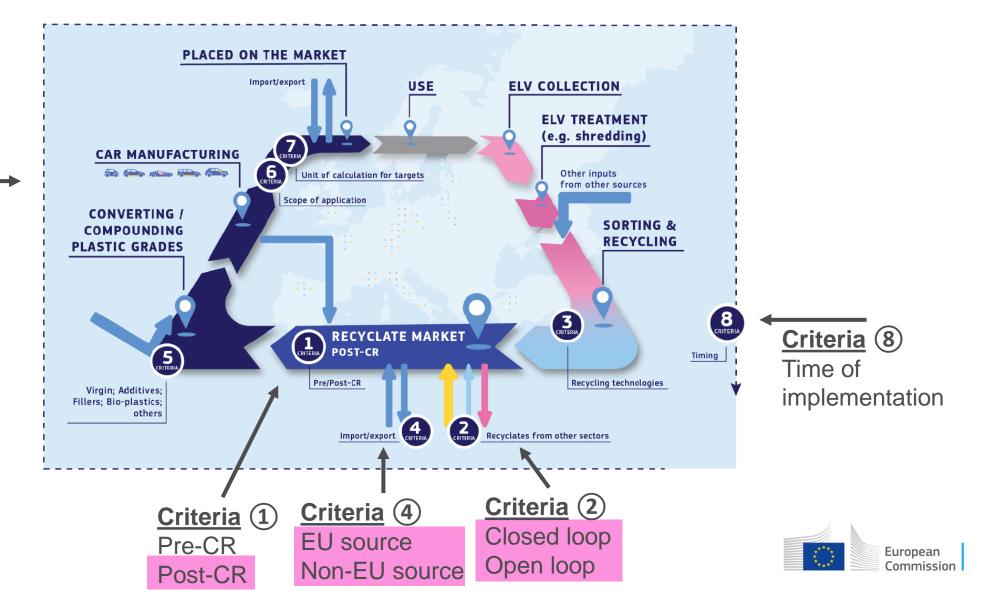






### What should the targets look like? - Criteria definition:

Criteria 6
Part level
Car level
Fleet level





### How to quantify the appropriate level for the target?

Impact assessment of proposed policy options

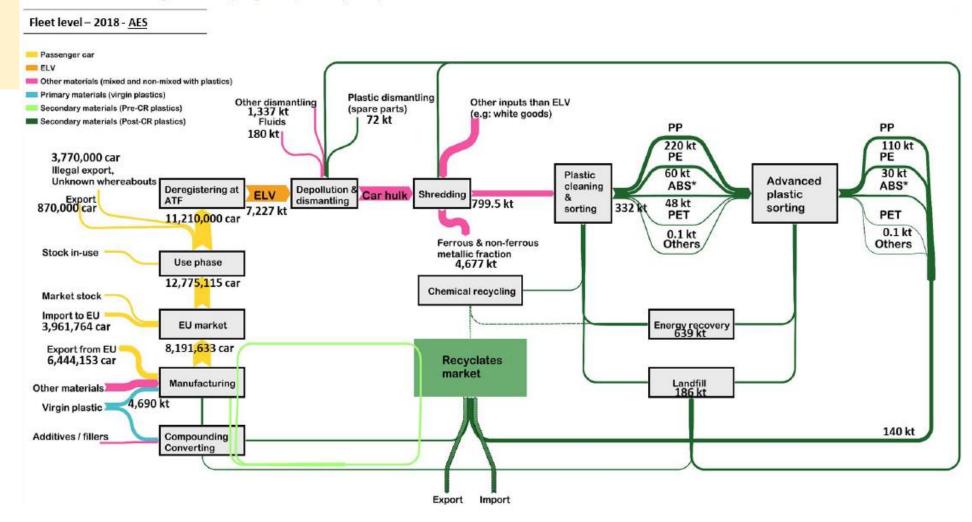
For complete impact assessment, see the report



#### **Material flows analysis:**

current state of play for plastics consumption and recycling in the sector

Figure 16: Sankey diagram of plastic recyclates production in 2018 at fleet level. Units are in kt. AES data were used based on EU-27.

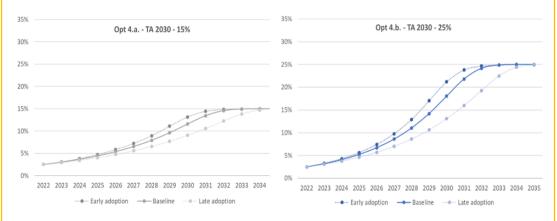


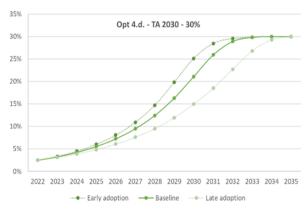


# Report

### How to quantify the appropriate level for the target?

Modelling of the recycled content increase within the EU fleet of new vehicles

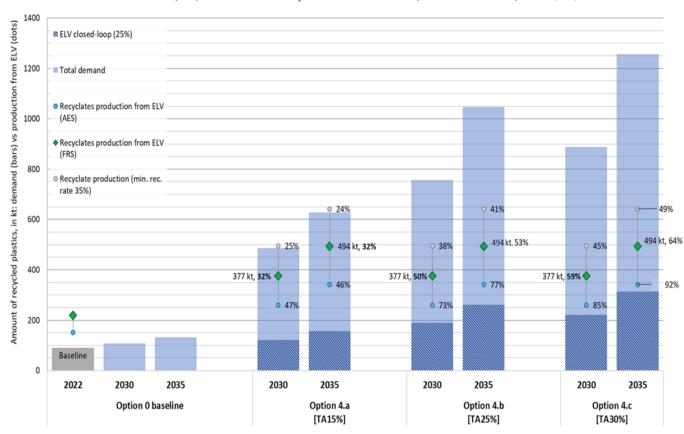




Supply / Demand balance additional demand vs. forecasted production for recycled plastics

from end of life vehicles and other sectors (e.g. packaging)

Figure A5.6: Amount of recycled plastics according to policy options for 2030 and 2035, in kt. Demand (bars and hatches) vs Production from ELV sources (dots). The % indicates the share of ELV recycled plastics that should be re-injected in the automotive industry to achieve the closed-loop criterion (25%)



## ELV Regulation proposal Art 6(1) - Minimum recycled content for plastics



Article 6
Minimum recycled content in vehicles

The plastic contained in each vehicle type that is type-approved as of [OP: Please insert the date = the first day of the month following 72 months after the date of entry into force of the Regulation] under Regulation (EU) 2018/858 shall contain a minimum of 25 % of plastic recycled by weight from post-consumer plastic waste.

At least 25 % of the target set out in the first subparagraph shall be achieved by including plastics recycled from end-of-life vehicles in the vehicle type concerned.

Waste stream: Post-consumer only

**Timeline** 

Application scope of the target: vehicle-type

Proposed level of the target and unit of calculation: 25% by wt.

Minimum closed-loop criteria: 25% of the total plastic recycled content



For the complete list of target's features and associated criteria, see JRC report





## What's next?











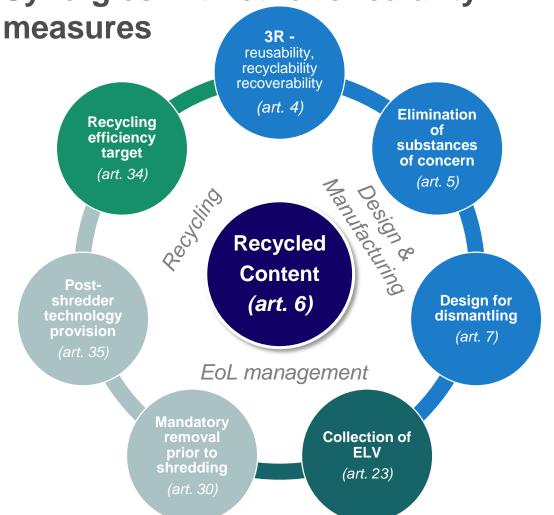




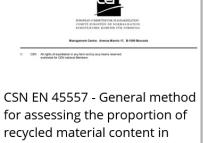
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# Further prerequisites for <u>implementation</u> of the article 6(1) on recycled content targets

• Synergies with other circularity



• Standardised calculation rules (e.g. definitions, calculation method, quality requirements)



energy-related products

 Certification schemes to ensure traceability

Some examples of certification schemes already available





• **Verification** (e.g. *via* IMDS, Digital product passport, etc.)



ISCC



## Thank you

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