

**Open Innovation Test Bed** 

### WP4: TC3 Bio-based boxes

**Policy and dissemination event** 

26/01/2024 - Brussels, Belgium

Christoph Mack – Fraunhofer ICT





- Climate change as global challenge
- Oil often sourced from non-reliable countries – corruption, human rights, military conflicts,...
- Recycling rate still too low for many products made from polymers



(Collage: The Guardian)





#### Socio-economical and ecological aim

- Reduction of CO2 footprint of used materials
- Increase use of renewable resources
- Avoidance of petro-based materials
- Increase recycling rate of bio-polymers

#### **Technical aim of test case**



Finding a bio-based substitute for expandable polystyrene (EPS) bead foam which has similar properties and can be used in packaging applications

→ Improvement of temperature stability, mechanical properties / fusion of beads





- Polylactid Acid (PLA) as bio-based matrix material
  - recyclable
  - low price
  - high availability
  - high stiffness
- Lightweight EPLA (expandable PLA) foams



#### (TOTAL Corbion Energies)

- Testing of various fibres for reinforcement of components
  - Cellulose nanofibrils (CNF)
  - Hemp
  - Flax
- 3D printing for individualized packaging solutions
- Process development for insitu combination of foam with 3D printed parts





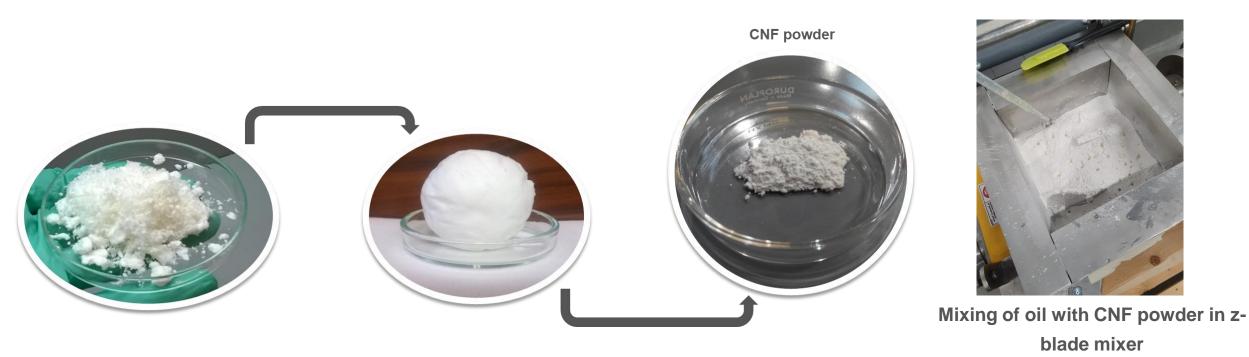


This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement N°952972

## PRESSME CNF fibre provision - VTT



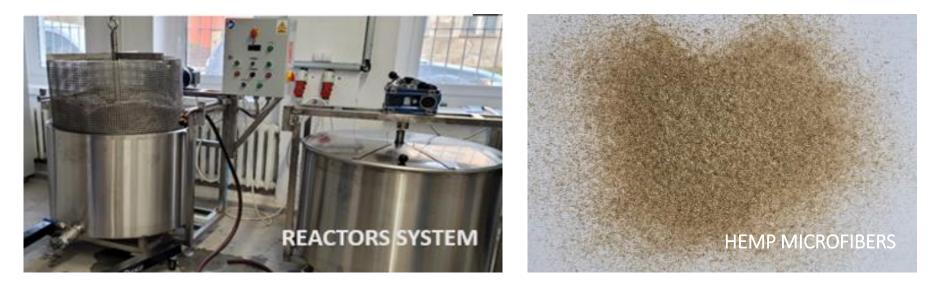
 Development of several batches of unmodified and modified (coupling agents, epoxidized linseed oil (ELO)) cellulose nanofibrils (CNF) powders from bleached kraft pulp



### **Flax and hemp fibre provision - IWNiRZ**



 Development and production of different unmodified and modified hemp and flax microfibers for incorporation into PLA





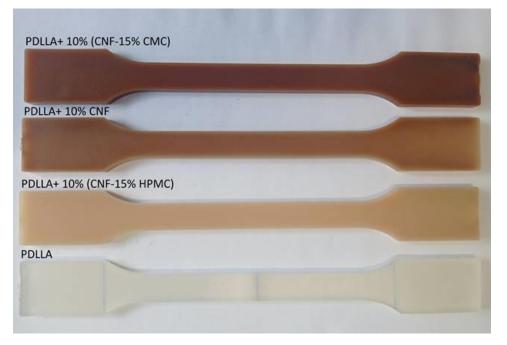
PRESSME Material development - CEA



- Compounding of different PLA grades with micro- (flax, hemp) and nano-fibrils (CNF)
- Characterization of the compounds (mechanical and thermal properties)
  - $\circ\,$  Influence of the fiber nature
  - $\circ~$  Influence of the fiber treatment
  - Influence of the fiber concentration

All the tested fibers act as reinforcing agent (increasing of the material rigidity).

PLLA+ 10 wt% of CNF was chosen for the 3D printing part of the test case

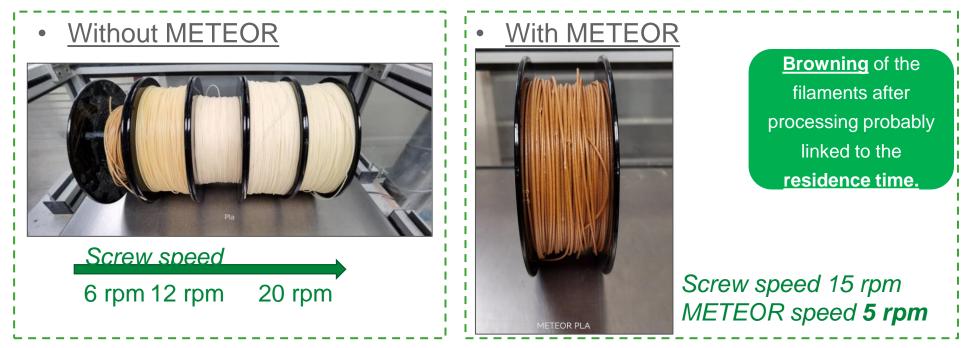




## **Filament production - IPC**



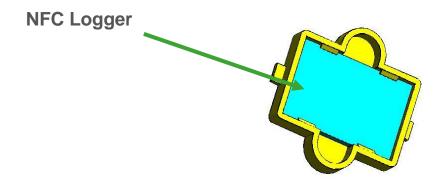
- Filament development for 3D printing made from compounds developed by CEA
- Tensile modulus was improved with addition of CNF
- Filament for demonstrator printing trials at AITIIP was produced







- Printing of test samples to evaluate properties of filaments
  Fibre reinforced PLA is easy to handle and print
- Printing of NFC temperature sensor holder with CNF fibre reinforced materials

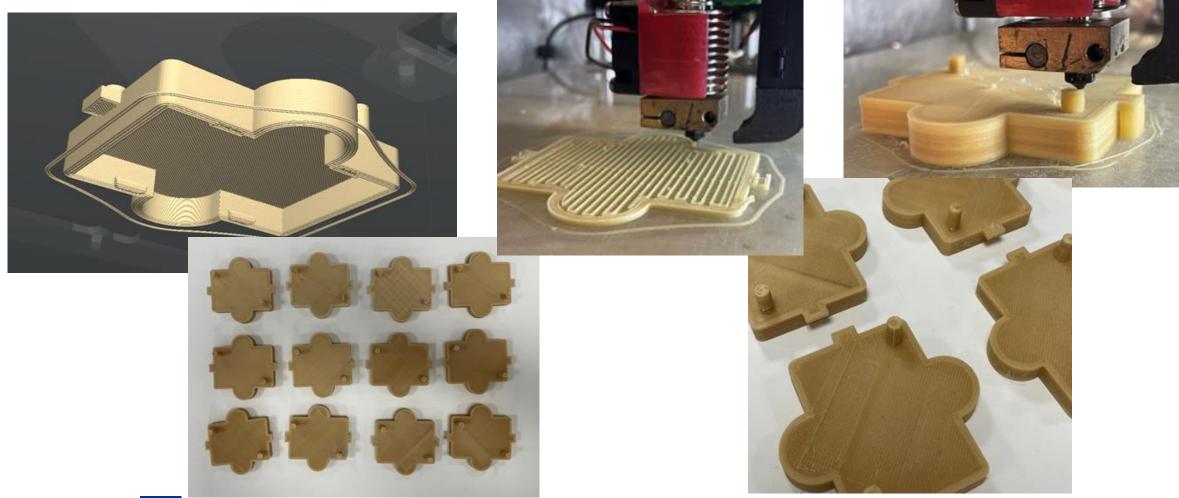








3D printing of new design with CNF fibre reinforced filaments



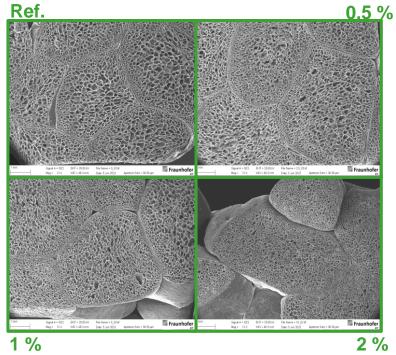


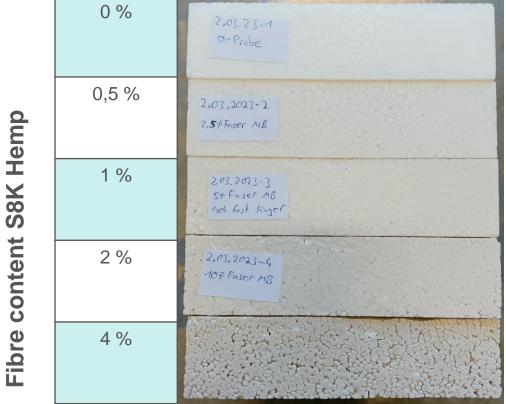




### Foaming of fibre reinforced masterbatches from CEA

 PLA compounds including fibres did result in decreased foam properties and foamability independent from fibre type (CNF and hemp)











**Alternative approach:** Modification of PLA recipe to evaluate crystallization behavior to improve temperature stability and mechanical properties

- 55 samples incl. 5 recipes have been produced with demonstrator tool
- Characterization has taken place at ICT
  - o **Density**
  - Compression and tensile strength
  - Crystallization grade

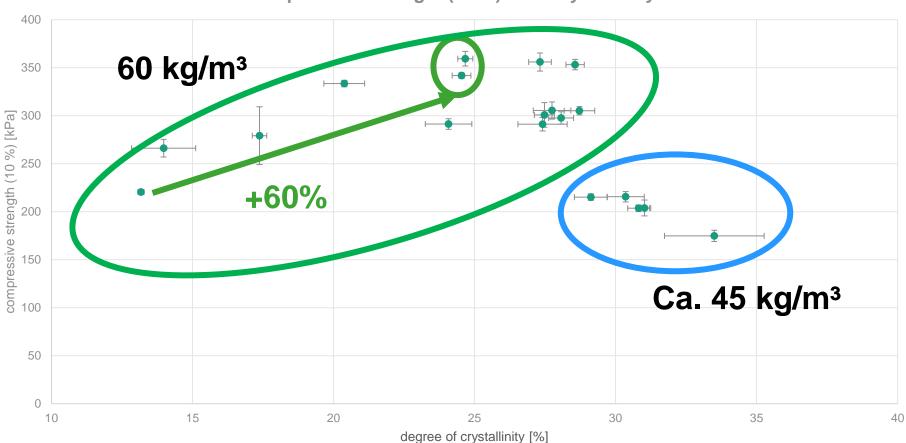
→ leading to improved temperature stability and mechanical properties











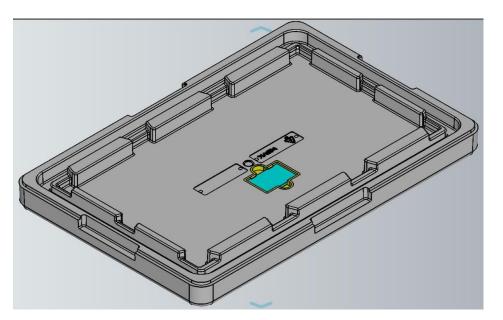
compressive strength (10 %) over crystallinity







- After first EPLA foaming tests a lid of a thermobox was chosen as demonstrator part
- Design for 3D-printed element was made and sent to AITIP for verification and test printing
  - Holder of NFC-logger which is difficult to produce with injection moulding



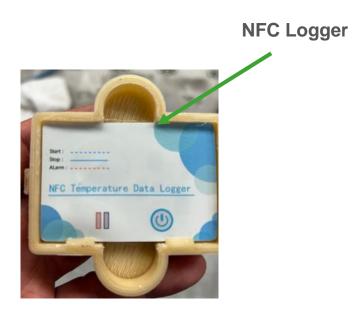








- WSVK received from AITIIP the printed inserts from PLA filament modified with 10% CNF fibers
- WSVK received EPLA from Fraunhofer ICT for testing and demonstrator production

















This project has received funding from

ne under grant agreement N°952972





- After modification of the existing foaming tool WSVK could carry out industrial scale demonstrator production including the 3D printed insert
- New sensors in tool enabled the exact control of temperature sensitive EPLA to avoid shrinkage or post process expansion of the material



#### Sensor graph





- Successful optimization of material via recipe and process modification for implementing of bio-materials in demanding products
   Improved material properties are shown
- Incorporation of 3D-printed elements in foam moulding process proven
- Demonstrator designed and produced
- Potentially recyclable needs to proven





### Non-petro based packaging demonstrator made from close to 100% renewable ressources



**EPLA** Demonstrator part





Open Innovation Test Bed

# Thank you!

Contact Christoph Mack Fraunhofer ICT christoph.mack@ict.fraunhofer.de



www.inn-pressme.eu

linkedIn.com/company/inn-pressme

(in)

twitter.com/inn-pressme