



INN
PRESSME

Open Innovation Test Bed

Bioguard

Biodegradable Antennas for
Counterfeit Protection

INN-PRESSME Final event

December 2nd 2024 - in Brussels

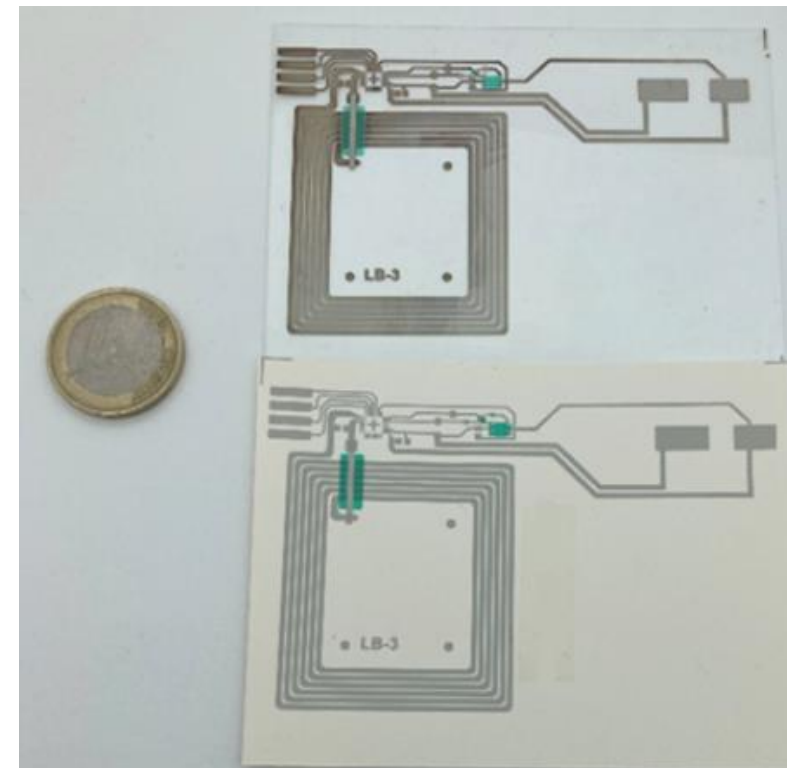
Dr. Jagoba Iturri (Senior Scientist, Cidetec)

Objectives of the project



BIOGUARD developed a conductive ink for the production of printed near-field communication (**NFC**, a short-range wireless technology) antennas typically used in applications such as anti-counterfeit.

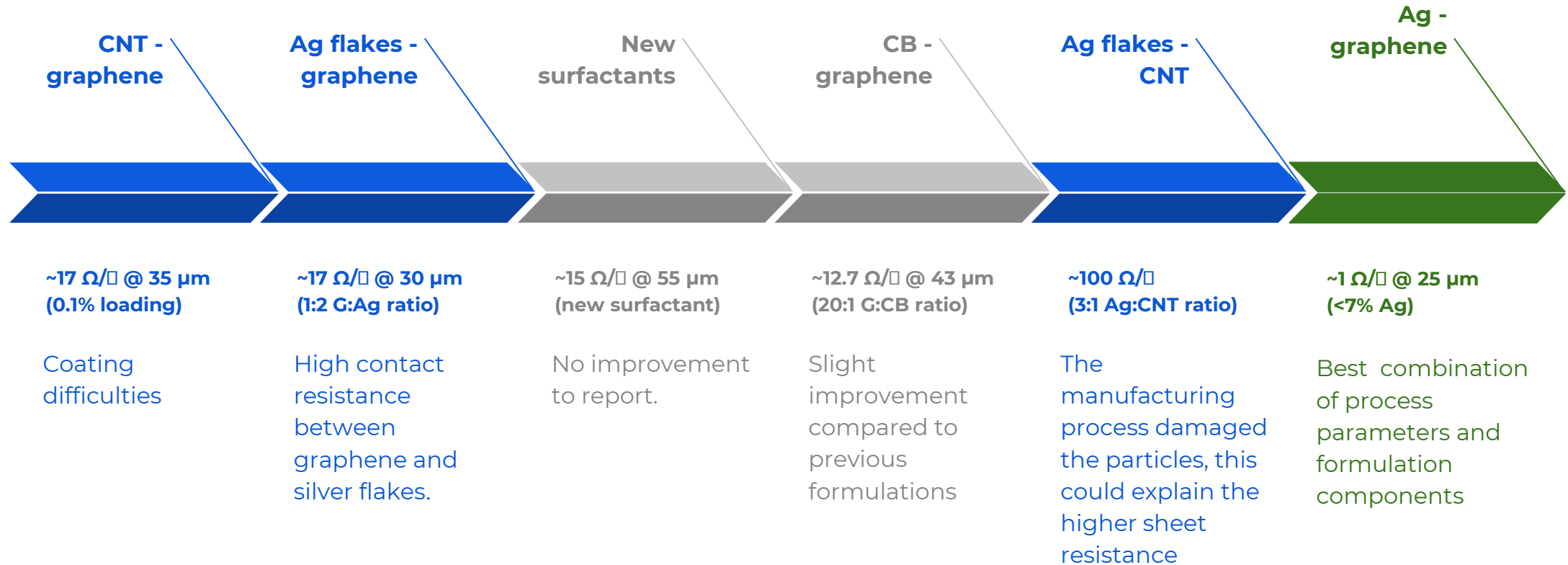
The primary objectives sought to print these inks on paper-based substrates which could be recyclable or biodegradable (currently using metallic antennas on plastic substrate).



Title	Lead	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
Project Management &Exploitation	CEA									
Graphene Dispersion production	CGL									
Graphene ink formulation & characterization	CID									
Inks printability assessment	CEA									
Antenna manufacturing and testing	CEA									

Products and materials

The project explored different graphene-based formulations, with the aim to reduce the sheet resistance* of the printable ink.

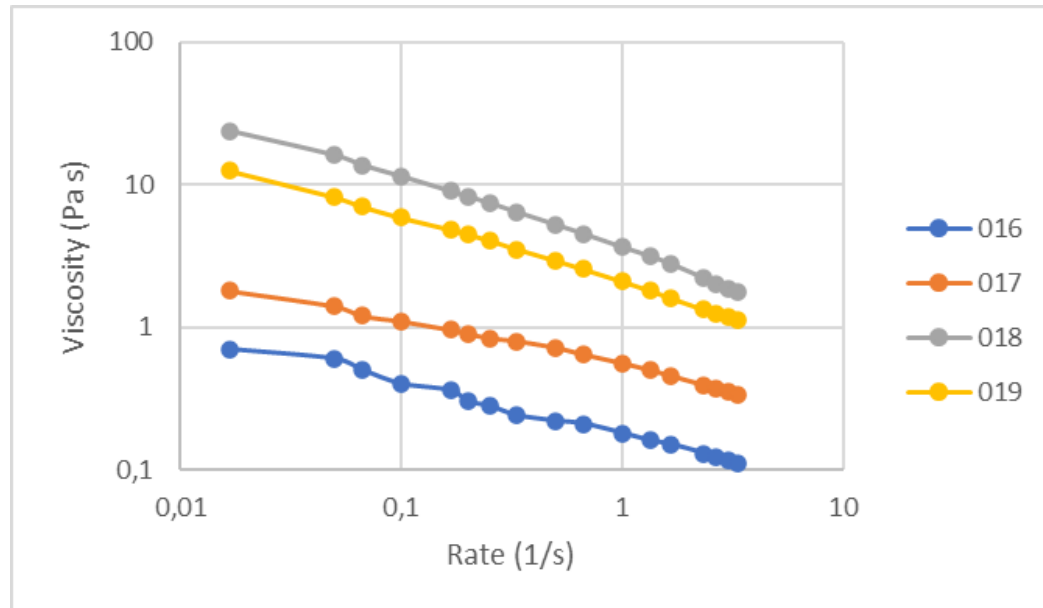


* As reference, a silver based coating has a sheet resistance ~ 0.4 Ω/□ @ 25 μm

Products and materials



The use of waterborne hybrid cellulose/graphene-based formulations was attempted, with the aim to enhance the printability of the ink under screen-printing.

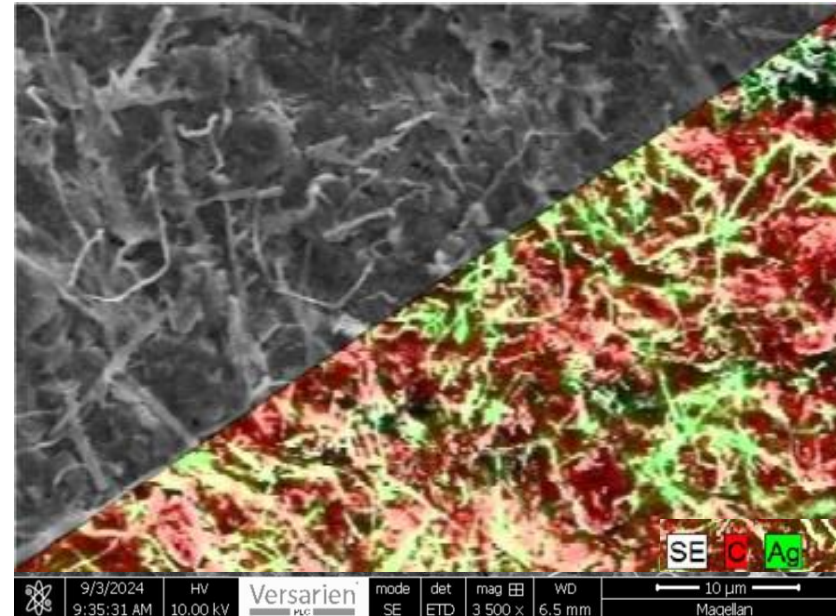
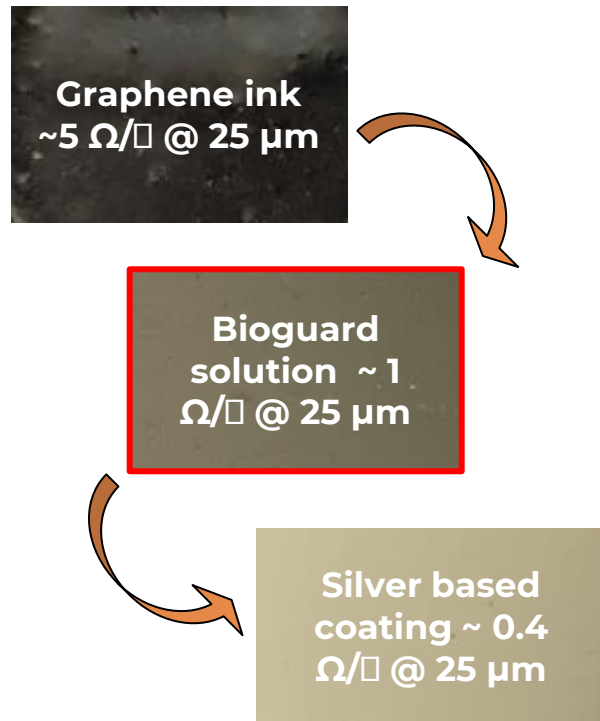


Two potential formulations selected

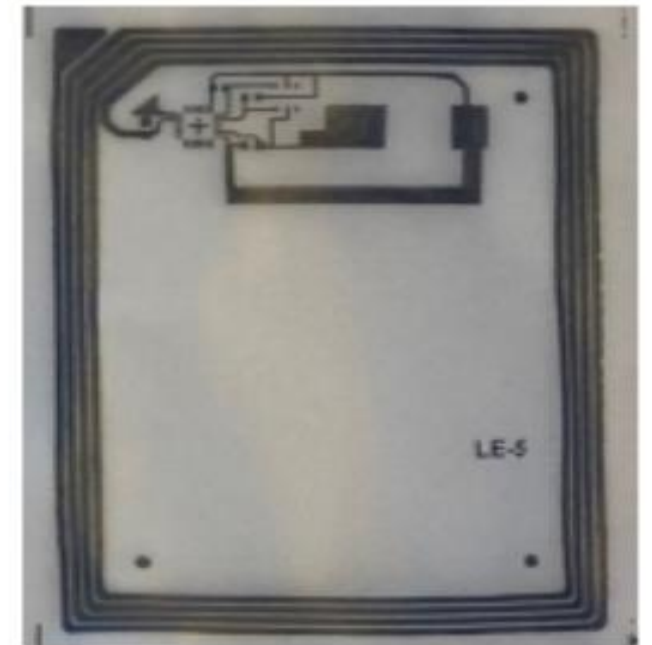


Both inks could be screen-printed on diverse substrates (PC, glass, paper). However, electrical properties remained far below target.

Products and materials



Uniform distribution of silver strands in graphene ink (SEM/EDS image)



The ink can be screen printed on a biodegradable substrate

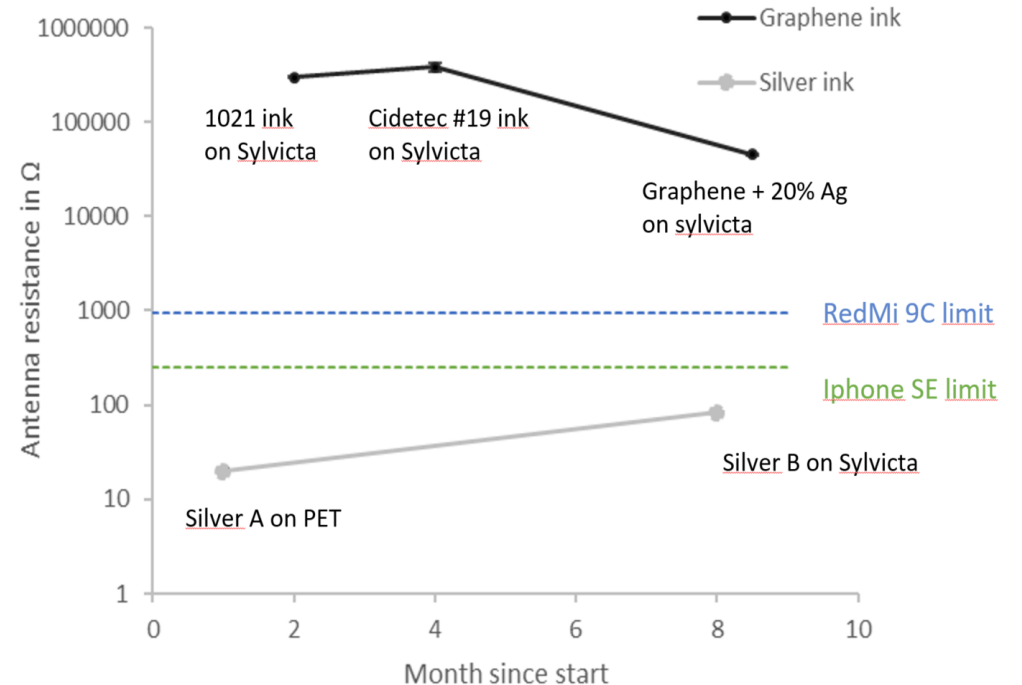
Best outcome: Ag <7 wt%, graphene 10 wt%

Conclusion

This work enabled to assess the relevancy of graphene for NFC antenna manufacturing, regarding two conventional and commercial phones.

A significant progress thanks to the blend graphene / silver nanostrands lowered the antenna resistance down to 45 k Ω (target <1 k Ω)

Despite this improvement, the antenna resistance is still too high to supply the chip. Yet, this work enabled to open a new path with the realization of in ink with intermediate resistivity closing the gap between metallic ink and graphene-based ink.



This new conductive ink could fill the **market gap** between graphene and metal-based inks and find its usage in producing printed passive resistance in a circuit or used as a strain gauge sensing material, or heating application.



INN
PRESSME

Open Innovation Test Bed

Thank you

Versarien

<https://www.versarien.com>

Dr. Stephen Hodge
Dr. Daniele Annicchiarico

Email: stephen.hodge@versarien.co.uk
Email: daniele.annicchiarico@versarien.co.uk



<https://www.cea.fr/>

Dr. Valentin Issindou
Dr. Jamal Tallal
Dr. Lara Jabbour

Email: valentin.issindou@cea.fr
Email: jamal.tallal@cea.fr
Email: lara.jabbour@cea.fr

cidetec >
surface engineering

<https://cidetec.es/en/>

Dr. Jagoba Iturri

Email: jiturri@cidetec.es